

Asian Party is a social gathering bringing together all the people, things, and information of Asia, under the concept of "Create with Asia."

This year the three main events—the Fukuoka Prize, the Focus on Asia Fukuoka International Film Festival, and the Fukuoka Asian Party—highlighted the festivities, with a total of 20 events supported by private companies, organizations, and some 570,000 participants.



Focus on Asia Fukuoka International Film Festival Sep. 18 – Sep. 25, 2015



Fukuoka Asian Party Fri, Oct. 9 - Sun. Oct. 11, 2015



Related events Sep. - Oct., 2015

Issued by Fukuoka City Secretariat of the Fukuoka Prize Committee c/o International Affairs Dept., Fukuoka City

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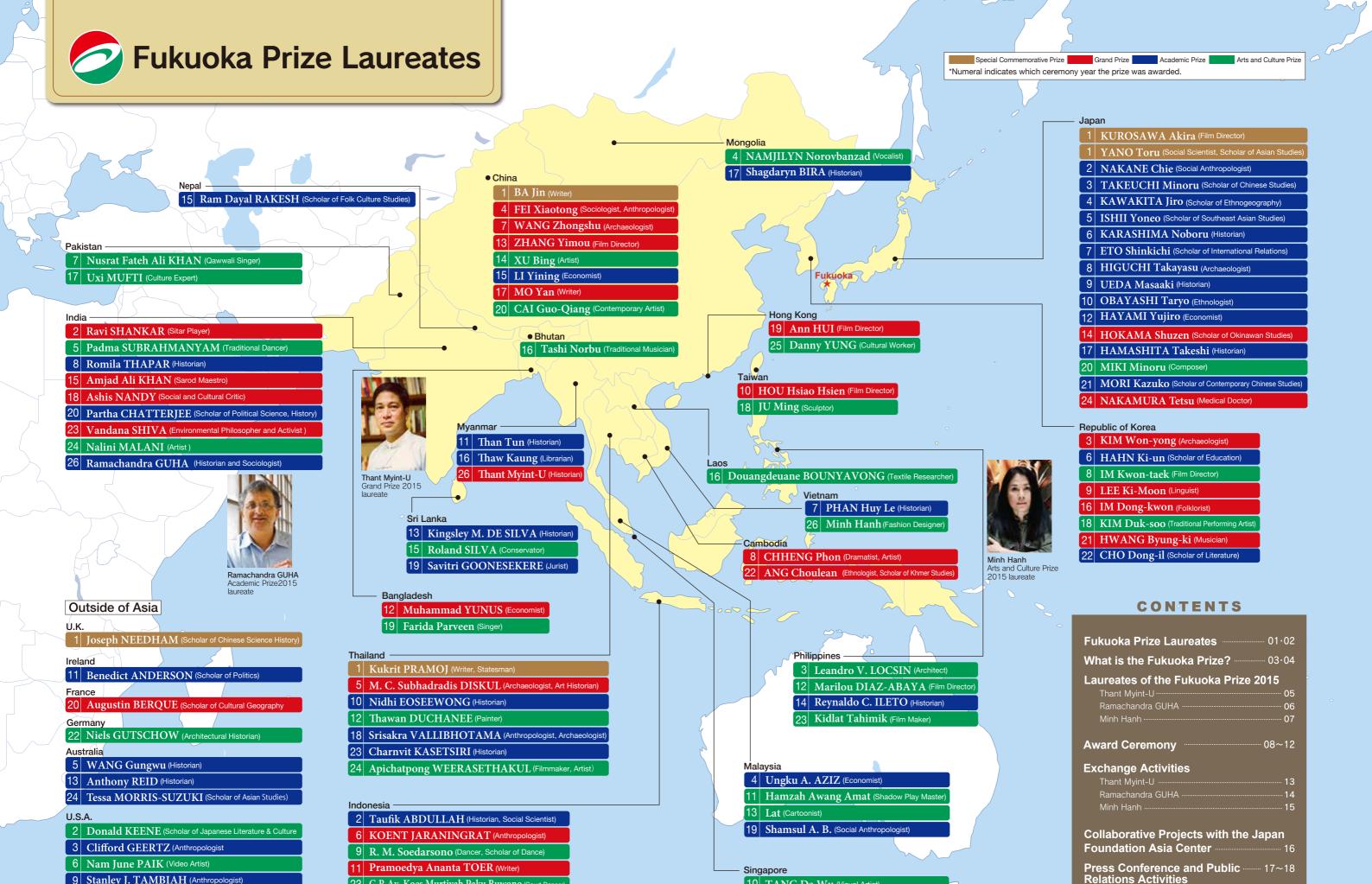


# FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015

Create with Asia. Think about Asia.

Report

Organized by: Fukuoka City/ Fukuoka City International Foundation Supported by: Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan/ Agency for Cultural Affairs, Government of Japan.



01 FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015 FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015 02

10 TANG Da Wu (Visual Artist)

14 Dick LEE (Singer-Songwriter)

21 ONG Keng Sen (Theatre Director)

Laureates of the Fukuoka Prize - 18~22

23 G.R.Ay. Koes Murtiyah Paku Buwono (Court Dancer

25 Azyumardi AZRA (Historian)

9 Stanley J. TAMBIAH (Anthropologist)

25 Ezra F. VOGEL (Sociologist)

21 James C. SCOTT (Political Scientist, Anthropologist)

## Background of the Fukuoka Prize

Asia is home to a diversity of ethnic groups, languages, and cultures, which coexist with each other and depend on each other. These diverse cultures have served not only as guardians of the priceless legacy of our long history and tradition, but also as sources of inspiration.

However, in the current era of globalization, there is a danger that Asian cultures may lose their distinctive features due to the encroaching standardization of culture. It is therefore vital to preserve, develop, and promote the harmonious coexistence of the diverse Asian cultures.

As Japan's cultural gateway, Fukuoka City has since antiquity played a significant role in promoting exchanges with other regions of Asia. This history, and a determination to promote and understand the distinctive cultures of Asia, and to further peace, inspired the inauguration of the Fukuoka Prize (formerly known as

the Fukuoka Asian Culture Prize) in 1990 through collaboration between academia, businesses, and the city authorities. Since then, there have been many prize recipients from almost every region of Asia.

Since cultural exchange looks to the future, it is not enough merely to preserve cultures with long histories and ancient traditions. New things emerge from the midst of change: it is necessary to observe them, respect them, learn from them, and build upon them. This is the aspiration of Fukuoka City and its citizens, as we strive to become a center for cultural exchange in Asia.

The Fukuoka Prize will continue to be a means of showing respect to those who have made outstanding contributions to academia, arts, and culture in Asia. We intend, together with the people of Fukuoka, to advertise to the world through our city, the diversity and the distinctiveness of Asian culture.

## 1. Objective

The Fukuoka Prize was established to honor outstanding achievements by individuals or groups/ organizations in preserving and creating the unique and diverse cultures of Asia. The aim is to foster and increase awareness of the value of Asian cultures as well as to establish a framework within which Asians can learn from, and share with, each other.

## 1. Prize Categories

## **Grand Prize**

#### Prize money: 5,000,000 yen

To be presented to individual/group who has made outstanding contributions to the preservation and creation of Asian culture and have exhibited the significance of Asian culture to the world through the internationality, universality, popularity and/or creativity of their work.

\*The Grand Prize will be selected by the Fukuoka Prize Jury from among all the candidates nominated for Academic Prize and Arts and Culture Prize.

## **Academic Prize**

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#### Prize money: 3,000,000 yen

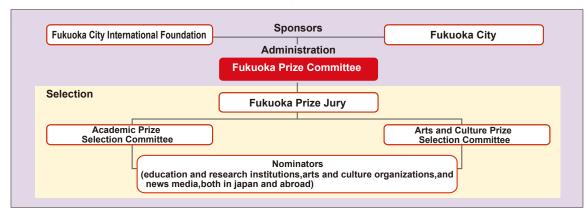
To be presented to individual/group that has made outstanding achievements in the field of Asian studies, contributing to the world's understanding of Asia. It covers the fields of social sciences, such as history, archaeology, cultural anthropology, economics, and political science.

## **Arts and Culture Prize**

#### Prize money: 3,000,000 yen

To be presented to individual/group that has made outstanding contributions in the cultivation and/or advancement of the unique and diverse arts and culture of Asia. It covers the fields such as fine arts, literature, music, drama, dance, film, architecture, traditional and ethnic culture

- 3. Geographical Scope East Asia, Southeast Asia, and South Asia
- 4. Organizing Bodies Fukuoka City, Fukuoka City International Foundation\*



\*Fukuoka City International Foundation was established to commemorate the success of the Asian-Pacific Exposition - Fukuoka '89. By promoting international exchange that recognizes the history, culture and other attributes of Fukuoka, the foundation aims to build a multicultural, diverse and inclusive society; thereby contributing to regional development and international peace.

## Timeline of the Fukuoka Prize 2015 ≡

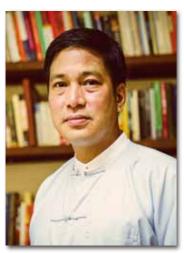
Jul. 2013	Request approximately 1,700 nominators in 54 countries and regions to make recommendations
Feb. 2015	Selection process of the 251 nominees from 30 countries and regions at Academic Prize Selection
	Committee (Feb. 10) and Arts and Culture Prize Selection Committee (Feb. 5)
Mar. 2015	Review by Fukuoka Prize Jury (Mar. 4)
May. 2015	Jury and Selection Joint Committees (May. 10)
Jun. 2015	Fukuoka Prize Committee approves 3 laureates (Jun. 19)

Jul.-Aug. 2015 Press conference in Vietnam (Hanoi, Jul. 7), India (New Delhi, Jul. 24), and Myanmar (Yangon, Aug. 9) Sep. 2015 Award Ceremony (Sep. 17), School Visit (Sep. 18-19), Public Lecture (Sep. 19-20), collaborative events with Japan Foundation Asia Center (Sep. 19)

		Fukuoka Priz	e Cor	mmittee	As of December 2015
Special Adviser	AOYAGI Masanori	Commissioner for Culture Affairs, Government of Japan	Member	SATO Yasunori	Vice President, NPO Fukuoka Recreation Association
"	SHIMMI Jun	Director-General for Cultural Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan	"	SHIBATO Takashige	President, The Bank of Fukuoka Ltd.
"	OGAWA Hiroshi	Governor, Fukuoka Prefecture	"	SHIROMOTO Masaru	Director, Fukuoka Broadcasting Station, Japan
Honorary Chair	TAKASHIMA Soichiro	Mayor, Fukuoka City			Broadcasting Corporation (NHK)
Chair	ISOYAMA Seiji	Chair, Fukuoka City International Foundation	"	KUBOTA Isao	Chairman, The Nishi-Nippon City Bank, Ltd.
Vice Chair	KUBO Chiharu	President, Kyushu University	"	TAKESHIMA Kazuyuki	Chairman and Representative Director, Nishi-Nippon
"	OBATA Hisaya	Chairperson, Fukuoka City Council			Railroad Co., Ltd.
"	SADAKARI Atsuhito	Deputy Mayor, Fukuoka City	"	TAKEDA Kozo	Director, Kyushu District Transport Bureau
Auditor	TANIGAWA Hiromichi	President, Social Welfare Council, Fukuoka City	//	TADA Akishige	Chairperson of the Board of Directors, Fukuoka
"	KIYOHARA Hideaki	Chief Executive, Accounting Management, Fukuoka City			Culture Federation
Member	ARAMAKI Tomoyuki	Executive Vice President, Kyushu Electric Power Co. Inc.	"	TANAKA Shinsuke	Chairman, The First Committee, Fukuoka City Council
"	ISHIDA Masaaki	Vice Chairperson, Fukuoka City Council	"	Tanaka Yuji	Chairman and Representative Director, Saibu Gas Co., Ltd.
"	URATA Kikuko	President, The Japanese Red Cross Kyushu	"	NAKAI Ippei	President, West Japan Head Office, The Yomiuri Shimbun
		International College of Nursing	"	HIRAOKA Kei	Senior Managing Officer, Seibu Main Office (Fukuoka), Nikkei Inc.
"	OMAGARI Akie	Vice Governor, Fukuoka Prefecture	//	FUJINAGA Kenichi	Chairman and Representative Director, Kyudenko Corporation
"	KARAIKE Koji	Chairman, Kyushu Railway Company	"	MACHIDA Tomoko	Board Director & Representative of Seibu Head Office, The Asahi
"	KAWASAKI Takao	President, The Nishinippon Shimbun Co., Ltd.			Shimbun Company
"	KISHIMOTO Takuya	Executive Director & General Manager of Fukuoka,	//	YAOSAKA Osamu	Chairman, Fukuoka City Board of Education
		Seibu Head Office, The Mainichi Newspapers, Co., Ltd.	//	YAMAGUCHI Masatoshi	President, Fukuoka University
"	KISHIMOTO Yoshio	Director-General, Kyushu Bureau of Economy,	//	YAMAMOTO Iwao	President, Kyushu Sangyo University
		Trade and Industry	//	Karen June SCHAFFNER	President, Seinan Gakuin University

	Fukuoka Prize Jury		Academic Prize Selection Committee	-	Arts and Culture Prize Selection Committee
Chair	KUBO Chiharu President, Kyushu University Vice Chair, Fukuoka Prize Committee	Chair	SHIMIZU Hiromu Professor, Center for Southeast Asian Studies, Kyoto University	Chair	FUJIHARA Keiyo Professor, Graduate School of Design, Kyushu University
Vice SADAKARI Atsuhito Chair Deputy Mayor, Fukuoka City			Member, Fukuoka Prize Jury	\( \tag{\tau} \)	Member, Fukuoka Prize Jury
Member	Vice Chair, Fukuoka Prize Committee  ISHIZAKA Kenji Professor, Japan Institute of the Moving Image Programming Director, Tokyo International Film Festival	Vice Chair	TAKENAKA Chiharu Professor, College of Law and Politics, Rikkyo University Member, Fukuoka Prize Jury	Vice Chair	ISHIZAKA Kenji Professor, Japan Institute of the Moving Image Programming Director, Tokyo International Filn Festival Member, Fukuoka Prize Jury
Manahan	Vice Chair, Arts and Culture Prize Selection Committee	Member	AMAKO Satoshi Professor, Graduate School of Asia-Pacific	Member	USHIROSHOJI Masahiro Professor, Graduate School of Humanities, Kyushu University
Member	SHIMIZU Hiromu Professor, Center for Southeast Asian		Studies, Waseda University	-	ryusiiu Orliveisity
	Studies, Kyoto University Chair, Academic Prize Selection Committee		Member KIMIYA Tadashi Professor, Graduate School of Arts and		UCHINO Tadashi Professor, Graduate School of Arts and Sciences, University of Tokyo
Member	TAKENAKA Chiharu Professor, College of Law and Politics, Rikkyo University Vice Chair, Academic Prize Selection Committee	Member	KONO Toshiyuki Professor, Graduate School of Law, Kyushu University	Member	UDO Seiji Professor Emeritus, Tokyo University of Foreign Studies
Member	TSUKA Hiroko Exective Vice President, The Japan Foundation	Member	SHIMIZU Kazushi Professor, Faculty of Economics, Kyushu University	Member	KAWAMURA Minato Professor, Faculty of International Communication, Hosei University
Member	TSUCHIYA Naonori Chairman and Representative Director, SEIKO ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.	Member	NITTA Eiji Professor Emeritus, Kagoshima University	Member	KONISHI Masatoshi Professor Emeritus, Rikkyo University
Member	FUJIHARA Keiyo Professor, Graduate School of Design, Kyushu University Chair, Arts and Culture Prize Selection Committee	Member	WAKIMURA Kohei Professor, Graduate School of Economics, Osaka City University	Member	TERAUCHI Naoko Professor, Graduate School of Intercultural Studies, Kobe University

# Grand Prize 2015



## Thant Myint-U

Myanmar/Historian

## BIOGRAPHY

2002-2005

1966	Born in New York City, U.S.A
1987	B.A. (Government and Economics), Harvard University
1991	M.A. (International Relations and International Economics), Johns Hopkins School of
	Advanced International Studies
1992-1993	Assistant to the Director of the Human Rights Component, United Nations Transitional
	Authority in Cambodia, Phnom Penh
1994-1995	Chief Spokesman, Bosnia-Herzegovina Command, United Nations Protection Force, Sarajevo
1995-1996	Political Officer, Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, United Nations
	Mission in Bosnia-Herzegovina, Sarajevo
1996	Ph.D. (Modern History), University of Cambridge
1996-1999	Fellow, Trinity College Cambridge, University of Cambridge Faculty of History
2000-2002	Policy Advisor Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, United Nations, New York

2005-2006 Senior Political Officer, Executive Office of the Secretary-General of the United Nations, New York. 2006-2007 Visiting Senior Fellow, the International Peace Academy

Senior advisor to the Conflict Prevention and Peace Forum on Asia related issues Visiting Senior Fellow, Institute for Southeast Asian Studies, Singapore

2010-Member of the Fund Board of the Myanmar Livelihoods and Food Security Trust Fund (LIFT) 2011-2012-Senior Research Fellow, Myanmar Development Resource Institute

Chairman, Yangon Heritage Trust Senior Advisor, Myanmar Peace Centre

Chief to 2003

Member, (Myanmar) National Economic and Social Advisory Council

Vice Chairman, World Economic Forum Global Agenda Council on South-East Asia

Foreign Policy's 100 Leading Global Thinkers

**Prospect**'s 50 World Thinkers

Honored Asia Pacific Award Special Prize (sponsored by the Asian Affairs Research Council

Chief of Policy Planning, Department of Political Affairs, United Nations, New York (Deputy

and Mainichi Newspapers) (Where China Meets India: Burma and the New Crossroads of Asia)

#### MAJOR PUBLICATIONS

◆The Making of Modern Burma, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2000.

◆ The River of Lost Footsteps: A Personal History of Burma, New York: Farrar Strauss & Giroux; London: Faber & Faber, 2006.

♦ Where China Meets India: Burma and the New Crossroads of Asia, New York: Farrar Strauss & Giroux; London: Faber & Faber, 2011

## • AWARD CITATION

Dr. Thant Myint-U, an exceptionally outstanding historian, beautifully see society and listen to people with his own curious eyes and sensitive ears. records the history of his ancestral homeland, Myanmar (Burma), with Evoking such simple but unforgettable firsthand learnings, he writes accessianalytical clarity from a global perspective. Based on his own experiences in ble history, echoing the unknown, unrecorded, but precious experiences of United Nations peace-building operations in Cambodia and the former ordinary people Yugoslavia, he is now engaged in efforts, in cooperation with the national In 2010, Dr. Thant Myint-U relocated his work base from the United States government, to further peace in his own country.

Harvard University, he enrolled at Johns Hopkins School of Advanced City of Yangon as an advisor for sustainable urban planning and has also International Studies, from which he received a Master's Degree in been appointed a member of the National Economic and Social Advisory International Relations and International Economics. From 1992, he was Council for President U Thein Sein and a senior advisor to the Myanmar involved in peace-building activities in Cambodia and Bosnia-Herzegovina Peace Centre. In this capacity, Dr. Thant Myint-U was heavily involved in the with the United Nations. In 1996, he received his Ph.D. in Modern History process of the cease-fire agreement between the national government and from the University of Cambridge.

In his first masterpiece, The Making of Modern Burma (2000), he argues that Burmese national identity and the framework of Burma as a modern guished historian, highly appreciated in the academic community, but also a nation-state came into being from the late 19th century during British cologreat public intellectual of Asia and of the world. He has been able to connect nial rule. His brilliant analysis has provoked much discussion in this field. In with a wide range of people, including top government officials, in order to his next work, The River of Lost Footsteps (2006), he describes the history of tackle the challenges of his society and of the international community. In a Burma from multiple angles, tracing the footsteps of various Burmese people, including those of his own family. His latest work, Where China Meets India: World Economic Forum Global Agenda Council on South-East Asia, and Burma and the New Crossroads of Asia (2011), reviews the history of Myanmar as through his public lectures such as the one he gave at the United Nations a country situated between two rising powers—China and India—from the University in Tokyo, promoting intensive dialogue with young people in 2014. viewpoints of people at the bottom of the social pyramid and those living in remote regions close to international borders. In this book, he uses his own characteristic dynamism to narrate the history of Myanmar, moving freely between the past, present, and future. The book has been translated into the Asian Affairs Research Council and Mainichi Newspapers) in 2014.

old to attend his grandfather's funeral. From then, he has frequently Prize of the Fukuoka Prize. returned during holidays with his parents. Through this he has been able to

to Yangon, Myanmar. In 2012, he established an NGO, the Yangon Heritage Dr. Thant Myint-U was born in 1966 in New York City. After graduating from Trust, to preserve priceless historic buildings in the city. He has served the various ethnic groups in March 2015.

> Given the above accomplishments, Dr. Thant Myint-U is not only a distinglobal sense he has gained respect through his Vice Chairmanship of the

Myanmar is the focus of Asia today. What sort of future is in store for the people of Myanmar? How will they open up their society to the wave of globalization? How will they manage future development? After decades of isolation there are obviously tremendous challenges for them and numerous Japanese and won the 26th Asia Pacific Award Special Prize (sponsored by tasks to be overcome. At this crucial moment in history, however, Dr. Thant Myint-U appears as a leading historian and intellectual, narrating the voices As a historian, Dr. Thant Myint-U has a unique perspective as well as his own of the people of Myanmar and connecting them with the wider international original writing style. Born as a grandson of the third UN Secretary-General, community. With his unique and distinguished contribution to Asian and U Thant, he first set foot in his ancestral homeland when he was eight years human society, Dr. Thant Myint-U is a truly worthy recipient of the Grand

# Academic Prize 2015



## Ramachandra GUHA

India/Historian and Sociologist

## BIOGRAPHY

BIUGRAF	Ήľ
1958	Born in Dehradun, India
1977	B.A. (Economics), University of Delhi
1979	M.A. (Economics), University of Delhi
1985	Ph.D. (Sociology), Indian Institute of Management, Calcutta
1985-1995	Academic jobs in India, Europe, and North America
1995-	Full-time writer
1997-1998	Indo-American Community Chair Visiting Professor, University of California,
	Berkeley
2004	Sundaraja Visiting Professor in the Humanities, Indian Institute of Science
2004-	Co-founder and Managing Trustee of the New India Foundation
2008	Arné Naess Chair in Global Justice and the Environment, University of Oslo
2011-2012	Phillipe Roman Chair in History and International Relations, London School of
	Economics

Honorary Doctorate in the Humanities by Yale University

#### MAJOR PUBLICATIONS

◆The Unquiet Woods, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1989.

◆ This Fissured Land (co-author), New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1992.

2014

◆India After Gandhi: The History of the World's Largest Democracy,

UK: Macmillan; U.S.A: Ecco Press / Harper Collins; India: Picador, 2007.

♦ Gandhi Before India, UK: Allen Lane; India: Penguin; US: Knopf, 2014.

#### • AWARD CITATION

internationally well known for having pioneered the new of the sport. Readers are likely to find various themes horizon of environmental history, viewed from the varied essential to modern Indian history interwoven in the stories perspectives of the general public. His book, *India After Gandhi*: about cricket, themes such as the caste system and the rise The History of the World's Largest Democracy, published in 2007, of nationalism. In this way, the book is regarded as a masvividly describes the actual state of Indian democracy after terpiece of Indian social history. the country's independence. The book, which obtained a Dr. Guha proved his extraordinary capacity as a historian large readership despite its considerable length, solidified particularly when he published India After Gandhi: The History of the author's position as a great historian.

sions in the field of environmental history and environmental high praise on the author. philosophy in India. In Environmentalism, published in 2000, Dr. Guha describes diverse environmental protection move-fied and chaotic amid advancing globalization. Indian peoments around the world and the historical development of ple's experiences in their modern history provide us with environmental philosophy by incorporating viewpoints of the important lessons, as well as a ray of hope for the world's general public in developing countries.

in the history of various other issues. In particular, his work the Fukuoka Prize. on the history of cricket illustrates the process in which the sport originated in Britain, the former colonial power, and then developed into the Indian national sport. In the book,

Dr. Ramachandra Guha, a leading historian in India, is Dr. Guha vividly portrays people involved in the assimilation

the World's Largest Democracy. Currently, India attracts global Dr. Guha was born in 1958 in Dehradun, a city located at attention not only because of its rapid economic growth, but the foot of the Himalayas. His father was a researcher at the also because of being the world's largest democratic power. Forest Research Institute in the city. After graduating from In this regard, Dr. Guha's work presents clues to resolving the University of Delhi with a master's degree in economics, a mystery: why has India been able to maintain social order he enrolled at the Indian Institute of Management Calcutta, under a democratic system despite the wide diversity in the from which he received his Ph.D. in sociology. His doctoral country in terms of languages, ethnicities, religions, castes, thesis provided a basis for his work that brought him and other social systems. Based on studies of great many recognition; The Unquiet Woods, which he published in 1989. documents and materials, Dr. Guha reviews the modern The book describes the public's anti-deforestation movement history of India, a country with a continental scale, gaining in the Himalayas, dating back to the British colonial rule in deep insight into diverse aspects such as politics, economics, India. Incorporating both historical and sociological perspec- diplomacy, and culture. Moreover, his arguments feature tives, the book attracted attention as a pioneering work in exquisite balance between these aspects. In his coherent Indian environmental history. Subsequently, with his excelsentences, he presents an extremely clear explanation about lent co-author, Prof. M. Gadgil, Dr. Guha published This complex Indian history after gaining independence. This Fissured Land in 1992 and Ecology and Equity in 1995. These tremendously helps international readers understand books invigorated research activities and academic discus- modern Indian history, while at the same time it bestows

In today's world, which is becoming increasingly diversifuture. Having served as a storyteller of Indian history, Dr. In addition to environmental history, Dr. Guha is a pioneer Guha is a truly worthy recipient of the Academic Prize of

05 FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015 PRIZE 2015 06 FUKUOKA

# **Arts and Culture Prize 2015**



## Minh Hanh

Vietnam/Fashion Designer

#### BIOGRAPHY

1961 Born in Pleiku, Vietnam

1983 B.A. (Graphic Design), Ho Chi Minh City Fine Arts University, Vietnam

1994 Director, Legamex Fashion Center, Vietnam

1997 Awarded the Special Award in Asia Collection, Makuhari, Japan

1998 Deputy Editor, Mot Vietnam Magazine

2000 Director, Vietnam Fashion Design Institute Founder, Vietnam Collection GranPrix Senior Advisor and Art Director for Art Programs in Hue Festival and Hue Traditional Craft Festival

2001 Founder, Vietnam Fashion Week

2006 Conferred the Award of Chevalier dans l'Ordre des Arts et des Lettres Member of the Executive Board, Vietnam Textile and Apparel Association Assigned by the Government as a designer for Vietnam APEC uniform, Vietnam 2014 Founding member, Italy-Vietnam Fashion Council

## • MAJOR FASHION SHOWS AND EXHIBITIONS

♦H' mong ethnic minority show, BigQ, Berlin, Germany, 1999.

Ao dai Collection, the 30 years anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between Japan and Vietnam. Kiyomizu Temple, Kyoto, Japan, 2003.

♦ Vietnam Day, New York, U.S.A., 2005

♦ Hue minority show, Lorient, France, 2011.

◆Ao dai Show, The Center for the Performing Arts, San Jose, U.S.A., 2012.

◆Minority fabric and embroidery, Museo di Roma, Rome, 2014.

#### • AWARD CITATION

Ms. Minh Hanh, a leading fashion designer in Vietnam, prominorities, while concurrently employing bold and modern various fashion shows and other cultural events inside and the overwhelming influence of Western fashion. outside Vietnam. Moreover, she is committed to developing costumes unique to Asia.

worked to establish the Vietnam Fashion Week and Vietnam in 2006. Collection GranPrix with the aim of fostering young designers and developing the fashion market further in Vietnam.

industries, such as silk weaving, by adopting their products into designers. Her contribution to the development of Asian fashion her own works. In her designs, she adopts embroidery and fab-culture is truly worthy of the honor of the Arts and Culture rics that have been passed on for generations among ethnic

duces contemporary fashion design based on her deep insight color palettes and design compositions. Rather than simply of the many ethnic cultures in Vietnam. Her works fuse ao dai inheriting traditional designs. Ms. Minh Hanh produces a wide and time-honored embroideries and fabrics inherited among variety of her original works by fairly evaluating traditional Vietnamese ethnic minorities. At the same time, she organizes Vietnamese costumes and craftworks and relativizing them to

In recognition of her outstanding achievements, in 1997 she young designers, apparel markets, and the fashion industry, was honored with the Special Award in Asia Collection, thereby significantly contributing to the creation of elegant Makuhari, Japan, which was the first international competition that she joined. In 2002, she produced a fashion show held at Born in 1961 in Pleiku (central Vietnam), Ms. Minh Hanh the royal palace in Hue, which was Vietnam's first World moved to Hue, Da Nang, and Saigon in the vortex of the Vietnam Heritage site inscribed. Currently, she serves as Senior Advisor War. Amid the intensifying warfare, she always found herself and Art Director for Art Programs at the Hue Festival and the surrounded by colorful costumes of various ethnic minorities. Hue Traditional Craft Festival. In 2003, she also organized the As a child, she began making dresses for her dolls. When she Ao Dai Collection at Kiyomizu Temple in Kyoto, Japan on the was only 11 years old, she sewed her school uniform of ao dai. 30th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations After graduating from Ho Chi Minh City Fine Arts University in between Japan and Vietnam. In 2006, she received the Award 1983, she joined a newspaper company as an illustrator. She of Chevalier dans l'Ordre des Arts et des Lettres from the Government of exhibited her exceptional talent in fashion design when she was France. To introduce attractive features of Vietnamese fashion engaged in the planning and editing of a fashion newspaper. and culture to the world, she continues to organize many fash-Following introduction of the Doi Moi Policy (economic and ion shows in various parts of the world, particularly in Asia, social reforms) in 1986, she became involved in the manage- North America, and Europe. In addition, representing Vietnamese ment of the Legamex Fashion Center, the first fashion institute designers, she designed cabin attendants' uniforms for Vietnam in Vietnam. This experience led her to develop her career in the Airlines, and the costumes for national leaders at the meetings area of fashion design. In addition to creative activities, she of the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC), held in Vietnam

While engaged in creative activities that proudly represent traditional Vietnamese culture with contemporary sensitivities, Meanwhile, she has revived traditional Vietnamese craft Ms. Minh Hanh has also been committed to fostering young Prize of the Fukuoka Prize.

# Fukuoka Prize 2015 AWARD CEREMONY



Date and time: 18:20–20:00, Thursday, Sep. 17 Venue: Fukuoka International Congress Center

## Program

Introduction of Laureates

Welcome Remarks

TAKASHIMA Soichiro, Mayor of Fukuoka City

First Part

Imperial Address His Imperial Highness Prince Akishino

Juror's Statement

KUBO Chiharu, Chair of the Fukuoka Prize Jury

Presentation of Prize Medals and Certificates

TAKASHIMA Soichiro, Mayor of Fukuoka City

Congratulatory Message from Representative of Fukuoka Residents

Acceptance Speeches by the Laureates

Interview with the Laureates Special Collaborative Performance of Indian Ink Artist and Visual Art

Part

"Rising Dragon - Towards Asian Unity" Performed by Indian Ink Artist Yu-ki Nishimoto

Video Co-Produced by School of Design, Kyushu University Mont Blanc Pictures Co., Ltd.

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# Fukuoka Prize 2015 Award Ceremony

The 26th Fukuoka Prize award ceremony was held in honor of the laureates in the presence of Their Imperial Highnesses Prince and Princess Akishino, Fukuoka citizens, foreign guests and representatives from various fields. The ceremony began with video introductions of the laureates.

The three laureates received tremendous applause as they walked through the audience seats up to the stage, demonstrating the warmth of their reception. Mr. TAKASHIMA Soichiro, Mayor of Fukuoka City, began by explaining that over one hundred people had already been honored with the Fukuoka Prize. He expressed his resolve to serve the Asian region as a center for international change through the "Asian Party", including the Fukuoka Prize and other events, under the concept of "Create with Asia."

His Imperial Highness Prince Akishino then congratulated the laureates on their winning the prize. His address was followed by the report on the selection process by Prof. KUBO Chiharu, Chair of the Fukuoka Prize Jury and President of Kyushu University. Mayor TAKASHIMA then presented award certificates and medals to the laureates. A university student offered a congratulatory message on behalf of the people of Fukuoka City, after which children from Fukuoka International School presented the laureates with bouquets, accompanied by thunderous Grand Prize presentation to Dr. Thant Myint-U applause.

The second part opened with speeches by the laureates. In response to questions from city residents, they presented their thoughts on "Democratization in Myanmar," "Diverse India and Gandhi's Philosophy in the Modern Era," and "Tradition and Creativity." The speeches were followed by a collaborative live performance of Indian Ink art by Yu-ki NISHIMOTO and the Kyushu University School of Design. Brushed ink flew from the paper to the screen, spreading to transport the audience into a dynamic and changing space, and serving as a moving conclusion to the ceremony.







## Celebration Banquet

Following the award ceremony the celebration banquet was held, welcoming guests from various countries and interested parties. Professor KUBO commenced the banquet by explaining that it had been made possible by the long interchange between Fukuoka and other regions of Asia, and expressing his wish that it would lead to new encounters and new friendships.

Next, VU Quok Tyne, Consul General of the Consulate General of Vietnam in Fukuoka, presented a toast to congratulate the laureates and start the banquet in a relaxed and friendly atmosphere.





Kyrgyz), a guest from the Focus on

Opening speech by Professor Toast by Consul General Kubo, Chair, Fukuoka Prize VU Quok Tyne













Collaboration by Indian Ink artist Mr. Yu-ki NISHIMOTO (right), Kyushu University School of

## Address by His Imperial Highness Prince Akishino at the Fukuoka Prize 2015 Award Ceremony





I wish to extend my heartfelt congratulations to the distinguished laureates on this auspicious occasion of The Fukuoka Prize 2015

I am pleased to learn that the total number of Fukuoka Prize Laureates has exceeded 100 this year, and I am profoundly impressed by the broad range of these laureates. I wish to express my sincere respect for the tireless endeavors of all concerned over the years in earning the prestige of this Prize.

The advancement of globalization in recent years has brought an increasingly uniform way of thinking and lifestyle. On the other hand, it has also led to a growing interest in the uniqueness and diversity of indigenous cultures, and a deeper appreciation of their

Under these circumstances, I believe that The Fukuoka Prize honors those of distinguished achievements in an extremely meaningful cause that respects the distinctive and diverse cultures of Asia and contributes to their preservation and continuation, creates new culture, and promotes academic research on Asia.

This year's laureates, like their predecessors, have devoted deep study to the cultures and societies of Asia, and represent advances in the understanding of cultural diversity that have also led to the creation of new culture. This Prize acknowledges, not just within Asia but throughout the rest of the world, the significance of their outstanding achievements, which will contribute to developments in the future, and will be shared with society as a whole as a valuable asset of mankind to be handed on to future

In closing my address, I would like to congratulate the distinguished laureates once again, and I hope that the Fukuoka Prize will continue to enhance the understanding of Asia and its respective regions, and further promote peace and friendship throughout the international community.

## Grand Prize

## Thant Myint-U



## Myanmar: Isolated for Too Long, Now Faces New Challenges

Your Imperial Highnesses, Mr. Mayor, honored guests, ladies and gentlemen.

I am deeply honored to receive this year's Grand Prize. This is my first time to visit Fukuoka. I feel already that Fukuoka is a green and livable city, dynamic and modern. I am certain that Yangon can learn much from the city planning of Fukuoka.

When I look back on the history of Myanmar, it is clear to me that the nation thrived and developed when it was interconnected to the world, because Myanmar was ever ready to learn new things, and to adopt them. Myanmar is finally escaping decades of isolation,

modernizing rapidly, and changing in many ways. I feel that it is of crucial importance to protect the traditions, arts, and architecture of Myanmar during this time of dramatic change.

Where are the strengths of Myanmar? It is important to realize that they are not in a unified tradition or culture, but in the very diversity of our culture. Many people live in many different ways in Myanmar, making the land rich in diverse ethnicities, cultures, and religions. This is a gift, and the people of Myanmar must meet the challenges of today by overcoming barriers of prejudice to realize the full strength of diversity, and develop a comprehensive identity for the 21st century. Only when we achieve this will our long period of isolation truly end, and we will be able to fully utilize the advantages of our geographic location at the crossroads of

It is an honor to be included in the distinguished company of laureates of the Fukuoka Prize.

Thank you.

## Academic Prize

## Ramachandra GUHA



## Surpassing Narrow Views to Become a Moderate Historian

It is a great honor today to receive the Academic Prize.

Historians must surpass prejudice and narrowness in their thinking. In research, it is crucial to read not only official documents issued by the government, but also newspapers, testimonies, social media comments, and all sorts of media information. Learning from the perspectives of people in other fields of study is also important. It is essential to see beyond the barriers of patriotism and ideology.

I am an historian of Indian history, but am committed to looking at history evenly. When I study Indonesia, for example, I look at it from their perspective. The fact that Indonesian historians have access to an enormous quantity of history books on the Java kingdoms, and the Dutch colonial era, for example, had a deep impact on me.

The Fukuoka Prize surpasses national boundaries, and recognizes people who have made a contribution to all of Asia. I must express my thanks to my family for having made it possible for me to receive this prize, and to all those who assisted me, my professors and colleagues at school, and so many historians

I also express my appreciation to Professor SATO Hiroshi, who translated my book so ably. It is the finest translation of my work so far, and printed and bound beautifully in outstanding Japanese taste.

The Bhagavad Gita, a Hindu religious text, warns us not to seek physical rewards for fulfilling our personal duty. I do the work I do because I love it, and I thank you all very deeply for this prize.

## Arts and Culture Prize

## Minh Hanh



## Studying the Cultures of Many Lands, Because Culture Will Save the World

Your Imperial Highnesses, distinguished guests, I am deeply honored by being selected to receive the Arts and Culture Prize, not only for myself, but also because I believe it was earned by the whole of Vietnamese culture.

The Fukuoka Prize is a respected award with a long history. I must express my appreciation to all those who have strengthened and continued the prize for so long, including Fukuoka City, the Fukuoka Prize Committee, and the people of Japan.

Through your efforts over these 26 years, you have supported the fundamental development of Asian culture.

I would also like to thank the people living in tiny villages hidden deep in the mountains using wood looms, weaving. I believe that this prize is an important validation of their culture. I am confident that this contribution will open the hearts of people everywhere to new culture, and promote exchange between the people of Vietnam, and the people of Fukuoka, and Japan.

If the world were flat, I think culture would define a single ethnic group. And if each nation understood the cultures of other nations, and brought together all of the people of all of the nations through culture, I think humanity would find happiness.

I would like to conclude my speech with my belief that culture will save the world.

Thank you.

## Interview



Q: Is Myanmar seeking the same type of democracy as practiced in Europe and America?

A: I don't think there are any major differences. In democracy the citizens elect their leaders, and Myanmar also hopes to elect its leaders through free elections. The people are poor, and they

look to democracy to improve their economic situation.

Q: What role will Myanmar play in the future of Asia?

A: Myanmar is a weak, poor nation, and unless we open our doors we will lose greatly. Myanmar has made great strides toward the future. If you look at a map you will see that we are situated at a crossroads for Asia, and we could provide an important interface for many nations. I think the next five or ten years will be the turning point.

### Interview



**Q:** How is Gandhi's philosophy carried on in modern Indian society?

A: India has many languages and religions, and Gandhi encompasses them all. I think that India is doing a good job of respecting diversity. Gandhi's achievements have affected not only India, but citizen rights movements around the world. Leaders like

Aung San Suu Kyi of Myanmar, for example, were influenced by his work. India is blessed to have had him as a citizen.

**Q:** How do you achieve unity in such a diverse nation? Are there directions of progress?

A: India is successfully respecting diversity, as evidenced by the fact that there are 17 languages on our currency. The European Union is facing similar issues, with many languages and religions, and I think they can learn much from India, which successfully met the challenge 50 years ago.

### Interview



Q: What are the characteristics and meanings of your unique clothing?

A: The women who weave this cloth are from ethnic minorities, living near the border between Vietnam and Laos. Their inspiration comes from their hearts, and from the trees and flowers of their daily lives. Their lives are simple, with life and death, as shown in the patterns they create.

Q: What do you think about tradition?

A: Tradition is new. It is tradition for the old to be replaced by the new. Tradition forms the basis of an era, and is accepted by the people, but if youth cannot love the past, changes the history of the people, and refuses to accept tradition, then they can no longer see their future, either. They forget their roots, and forget themselves. I hope to bring tradition and modernity together in one. Fashion is culture, and without your own culture there is no future. Unless we can value tradition and culture, there is no future.

11 FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015 12

Myanmar/History

**Public Lecture** 

## Where is Myanmar advancing forward in the 21st century? Thant Myint-U :Dialogue on the country's past, present, and future

■Date: Saturday, September. 19, 2015 (13:00–15:00)

Venue: Main Hall, ELGALA HALL

Participants: 250

(Part 1 Keynote Speech)

## Cooperation by Japan and the Rest of **International Society is Essential in** Advancing Democracy in Myanmar



Myanmar is in a period of dramatic change, and there is enormous hope for these four vears. The change in government has made possible a new constitution, and the political environment enjoys new freedoms. Economic reform is also advancing, and things are progressing peacefully. Following a prolonged "black hole" of isolation, the rapid changes in recent vears are a miracle.

November 28, 1885 was an important day in the history of Myanmar. It was the day that

the thousand-year old dynasty was toppled by the British, and until about 1940, Burma was governed as a part of India. Myanmar is a fertile land, and over the years hundreds of thousands, millions, of immigrants from China, India and elsewhere came. Most of the Burmese were reduced to the lowest rungs of society, and they held considerable enmity against the immigrants and foreign corporations above them.

After independence, the military gained strength, and military rule took effect in 1962 to suppress domestic reaction to external influences. The nation grew poor under dictatorship and international isolation. From about 1988, however, movements began to gain strength to end military rule.

We transitioned to a civilian government in 2011, and are now working to return to the community of nations. Myanmar is today open to the world, and undergoing dramatic change. With many minorities, one of our pressing issues is how to nurture a sense of national identity.

Democracy, peace, and economic development are all interconnected. To make possible a peaceful, stable advancement toward democracy, we must continue to advance peace talks with 20 different armed groups, while investing into infrastructure such as electricity and rail, as well as health and education. Our proximity to both India and China raises the potential for rapid development.

International cooperation is as important as international competition. There is a long history of interaction between Myanmar and Japan, and the government is also interested in personnel exchange. I am confident that relations between our nations will grow stronger in the future. I hope that you will all visit my country as tourists, and meet the non-government organizations, universities, and common people of Myanmar.

Visit

■Date: Friday, Sep. 18 (14:00–15:00) Venue: Fukuoka Girls' High School

Dr. Thant Myint-U introduced his when working in the international cences about his youth, to about 120 he replied students in the International Culture "Youth can Course. He talked of the fascination make an enorand significance of working within inter- mous contrinational society, stressing that "The bution in fact that you are Japanese, and are cybersecurity women, are both to your advantage

work at the United Nations, and his scene." One student asked what they efforts today, together with reminis- could do to help preserve peace, and



### (Speech by AKASHI Yasushi)

As the first Japanese employee of the United Nations, I worked under the third Secretary-General of the United Nations, Mr. U Thant, who was the grandfather of laureate Dr. Thant Myint-U. In the 1990s, when I was in charge of crucial peacekeeping activities, one promising staff working under me was Dr. Thant Myint-U. He brilliantly described the complex history of his nation in his lecture just now, expressing confidence that if international society would provide aid and assistance, democracy would assuredly succeed in Myanmar, I hope that Japan will support their efforts, and take appropriate action to fulfill its own role and responsibility toward that end.

(Part 2 Dialogue)



Sneaker AKASHI Yasushi International House of Japan



Coordinator TAKENAKA Chiharu Professor, College of Law and Politics,

## Participation in International Society : Issues and Potentials

The dialogue between Dr. Thant Myint-U and his former superior at the United Nations, Dr. AKASHI Yasushi, was moderated by Professor TAKENAKA Chiharu

Dr. Thant Myint-U explained some of the changes in Yangon, pointing out an explosion in smartphone users from 500,000 to 1.2 million people recently. "As the people of Myanmar, especially the young generations, become global consumers, it is crucial to consider what elements of Myanmar we need to preserve," he commented. The discussion touched on the effects of Buddhism, and Dr. AKASHI opined that "Buddhism is one way of deepening mutual understanding and friendship between Japan, and Myanmar and the other nations of Southeast Asia." Dr. Thant Myint-U continued that his nation needed "improvements in government employees, in the land ownership and use system, and in national energy strategy," and expressed his hopes for elections, the first after transfer to civil rule.

In response to a guery from the audience as to what Japan can do to help Myanmar, Dr. AKASHI replied that "The entry of Japanese corporations into Myanmar will be to the benefit of both parties. Japan can also make contributions in education and social welfare. It is important to provide aid with sincerity, to support long-term development."

School

■Date: Friday, Sep. 18 (17:00–18:00) ■Venue: Kyushu University

Dr. Thant Myint-U introduced the many old buildings in Bangkok were state of Myanmar today, with torn down for redevelopment when references to its long history, and he lived there, and he didn't want stressed key points such as issues to lose the in transferring to civil rule and beautiful mplementing democracy, and the architecture effects of its powerful neighbor, and cityscape China. When asked why he decided of Yangon. to get involved in the preservation of historic buildings, he replied that



# Academic Prize //-

## Ramachandra GUHA Gandhi, India and the World

India/History and Sociology

### **Public Lecture**

■Date: Saturday, September. 19, 2015 (16:30–18:30)

■Venue: Main Hall, ELGALA HALL

Participants: 200

(Part 1 Keynote Speech)

## Independence Movements, Social Reform, Religious Reconciliation, and Prophecy : Four Jobs Driving Change



I began my career as an environmental historian, and in my research into environmental initiatives I became very interested in Gandhi. During the Chipko Movement in the Himalayas in the 1970s and 80s, villagers fought logging by hugging trees in a non-violent protest strongly influenced by Gandhi's teachings.

Gandhi was unique because he combined four

tasks: the independence movement, social reform, belief in religious diversity, and belief in prophecy and the future. He led initiatives in all four fields.

The large-scale civic movement to gain independence from Britain was not a violent conflict, unlike other colonies, but primarily non-violent. The salt march of 1930 is especially

As a social reformer he called for the elimination of discrimination against the "untouchable" caste, and women: insisted that people of all castes should be allowed to use the same temples; and allowed women to join his effort to gain independence without violence.

Gandhi was born a Hindi, but he had many Christian friends, and worked for a world where people of all religions—Islam, Christianity, Buddhism, etc.—could respect each other's religion and live in peace together. He created ashrams, singing the songs of various religions, reading their books, and dedicated his life toward that goal.

He also prophesied the future. In a speech given in 1920 he warned that India would deplete its energy and resources if it industrialized in the manner of the West, and in the 1930s strongly supported organic agriculture.

His thoughts were criticized at the time, and he was attacked for them. Today many wise men respect Gandhi, but there are also many who despise and belittle him. I don't think there has been anyone who stirred up as much debate as Gandhi, or will be again.

I believe that he was a superlative Indian thinker and moral

prophet, perhaps the wisest philosopher since Buddha. There are many people even in India today who despise him, but I am confident that the people of the world will come to recognize his achievements.



#### Part 2 Panel Discussion





WAKIMURA Kohei Professor, Graduate School of Economics, Osaka City University



**TANABE** Akio Professor, Graduate School of Asian and African Area Studies, Kvoto University

## Gandhi's Thoughts and Movement Are of Great Significance to Modern Japan

Professor TANABE commented on the keynote speech, thanking Dr. GUHA for his clear and succinct explanation of the global historical importance of Gandhi's philosophy, and its broad appeal. He continued, "Gandhi challenged the framework of oppression in all of his activity and sought alternatives. It is crucial for Japan today to accept diversity, to sympathize with and understand its positions, and fully realize its hidden potential."

Questions from the audience were accepted in the second half, and Professor WAKIMURA asked who strongly affected Gandhi during his experience in South Africa. Dr. GUHA replied that Gandhi learned much from daily life there, such as through becoming friends with Jewish and Christian women. Dr. GUHA also touched on the relationship between modern India and Gandhi, explaining that "It is important to realize that Gandhi was not right about everything. His convictions concerning non-violence, religious diversity, and environmental preservation remain invaluable, but we must do better than he did in areas like gender equality."

## School

Date: Saturday, Sep. 19, (10:10-12:15) ■Venue: Ohori Junior High School

high school experiences as he repeated Gandhi's belief that ethnic groups, religions, and nature, and read more books. languages. He described how, after about 200 years of colonial rule and armed rebellion, Gandhi achieved independence and peace through non-violent resistance. As

Dr. GUHA recalled his own junior the students listened quietly he discussed the diversity and history hatred only breeds more hatred. He of India, incorporating so many advised the audience to experience



FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015 14 13 FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015

## Arts and Culture Prize Minh Hanh

Vietnam/Fashion Design

**Public Lecture** 

Creativity in Asia discovered through fashion

: Attractive features of Vietnamese fashion and culture formed and expressed by Minh Hanh

Date: Sunday, September. 20, 2015 (14:00-16:30)

■Venue: Event Hall B2F, ACROS Fukuoka ■Participants: 400

(Part 1 Keynote Speech and Design Introduction)

## New Fashion Dimensions From Fabrics of Ethnic Minorities and **Japanese Tradition**



The population of Vietnam is about 80 million people, and about 14% of that total consists of 53 ethnic minorities.

The people of these ethnic minorities are simple and straightforward. Their feelings change with what they see and feel in their daily lives, and as a result the colors, materials, and patterns of their fabrics change, too. What they make during the day will be different from what they make at night. As a designer, this is a wonderful characteristic and one to be reasured, but it is very difficult for us to

change our designs to match our moods as they do. When I work with the Hmong, eat with them, sleep in their homes, I can empathize with them. As a designer, I gain powerful inspiration from that empathy.

My apprentices often ask me what we can do to preserve and protect their traditional work. I reply that this is a never-ending battle. It is difficult for young designers to appreciate the value of tradition, because it is very difficult to successfully incorporate traditional elements into modern fashion. If they can come to appreciate traditional values, however, they treasure them forever. We are determined to continue fighting this battle.

I was born in the old city of Pleiku. The region is home to many ethnic minorities, and I often spent time with them. I loved them. After I graduated an arts university I began to pursue a career in fashion, and nobody would accept the use of traditional ethnic elements in fashion designs. They asked me why I would use materials nobody wanted to wear, and make designs that weren't civilized. I never gave up, though, and when I worked with traditional elements always felt the inspiration flow. It brought back what I had felt as a child. Later, that style of weaving was recognized as authentic Vietnamese culture, and began

to be used in tourist souvenirs. giving the minorities a source of income, and pride in their heri-

My goal is to create culture that intersects and mingles multiple eras and regions. The modern era needs authentic value born from tradition, and I work to pass that conviction on to the next generation.





Design incorporating Japanese washi paper

#### (Part 2 Panel Discussion)



NITTA Eiji Professor Emeritus, Kagoshima University



KAWACHI Hiroko Professor Emeritus, Koran Women's Junior College



Coordinator FUJIHARA Keiyo Professor, Graduate School of Design, Kyushu University

## How to Preserve Tradition for Future **Generations?**

Professor KAWACHI, who has worked tirelessly to preserve and develop traditional Japanese fabrics such as Kurume kasuri pongee and Hakata-ori weaving, was delighted by the stunning combination of pongee and tulle fabrics in Minh Hanh's dress. Professor NITTA commented that the hand looms used by ethnic minorities have been excavated from 2500-year old graves. All felt the impact of Minh Hanh's work, combining tradition and modernity in complex ways.

A member of the audience asked what they can do to help preserve tradition for the future, and Ms. Minh Hanh replied "Youth can also feel the attraction of tradition, but it is important to show them the direction to grow in. Losing one's past is to lose your future."

## School

Date: Friday, Sep. 18 (13:20-14:50) ■Venue: Koran College of Fashion Design

Ms. Minh Hanh came onstage with should utilize this cultural heritage in models wearing designs by herself, and her apprentices. She asked the models to walk through the student seating, Hakata-ori and Kurume kasuri, and vou heart.



your own creations." designer, she replied it was "Thinking and invited the students to notice the about designs every minute of the day. fabrics, embroidery, and weaving. As It can be lonely thinking by yourself she introduced ethnic minorities, she but if you really like design you'll advised students to "Treasure your willingly make the sacrifice. You have to roots and your identity. Japan has love design from the bottom of your







Design incorporating kasuri pongee



## **Collaborative Projects** with the Japan Foundation Asia Center

## Special Program: Minh Hanh's Fashion Show

- ◆Date: Saturday, Sep. 19, 2015 (17:00–18:00)
- ◆Venue: Kego Shrine

A fashion show for Minh Hanh's designs was held, the first fashion show ever to be held at Kego Shrine, where the monument to broken sewing needles stands. The event was held to promote cultural exchange between Japan and Vietnam, with the support of the Koran College of Fashion Design. The school's students first showed their own designs, followed by clothing designed by rising young Vietnamese designer Viet, and then about 40 designs by Minh Hanh herself. The audience of about 300 people were astonished and delighted by the

gorgeous fashion combining modern sensitivities with traditional Vietnamese áo dài, embroidery by ethnic minorities, weaving, washi paper, and kimono.







## Special dialogue with Thant Myint-U on Cultural Heritages $\equiv$

- ◆Date: Saturday, Sep. 19, 2015 (19:00–20:30) ◆Venue: Noh Theater, Sumiyoshi Shrine
- ◆Participants: Thant Myint-U,

NISHIMURA Yukio (Professor, University of Tokyo; President, Japan ICOMOS)

♦ Moderator: KONO Toshiyuki (Professor, Kyushu University; Vice President, ICOMOS) Dr. Thant Myint-U, who is active in the preservation of historic buildings, joined Professor NISHIMURA, who has been working to preserve the Bagan ruins in Myanmar, discussed how to determine what to preserve in Yangon based on the results in other cities where redevelopment has already progressed. There is potential as a global tour destination, as a historical city,

and even as a World Cultural Heritage site. They emphasized the importance of tying preservation to city development.













## **Special Project with Past Laureates**

## $oldsymbol{\Gamma}$ enjin × $oldsymbol{A}$ pichatpong × $oldsymbol{P}$ roject

The Tenjin Apichatpong Project (TAP) is a mid- to long-term exchange project with Thai film director Apichatpong WEERASETHAKUL (2013 Arts and Culture Prize laureate) and film professionals in Fukuoka

2016

Screening of *Tropical Malady* Director: Apichatpong WEERASETHAKUL

Date Saturday, Jan. 30 from 13:00 Venue Movie Hall Cine-La, Fukuoka City Public Library

Also includes a talk show by film professionals from Fukuoka







A workshop with Mr. Apichatpong in Fukuoka, Apr. producing a short film on the theme of 2016 "Tenjin" together with local film professionals

ikuoka create a film togethe

from professional and ateur producers in Fukuo

Collaborative project to create an image collage

## **Press Conference and Public Relations Activities**

## **Press** Conference

The press conference was held on September 17, in advance of the award ceremony. At the beginning, Mayor TAKASHIMA spoke in English on the unique features of Fukuoka City, which has developed as a link between Japan and the rest of Asia, and its lush natural beauty, fine food, and rich culture. He powerfully promoted "Creative Fukuoka" in front of representatives of foreign media, then introduced the three laureates. This was followed by the laureate speeches, and then a Q&A session. This vear students from Fukuoka Girls' High School also participated, asking questions such as "If you could go back in time, what advice would you give yourself as a high school student?" Reporters from Hakatakko Press, composed of foreign students in Fukuoka, questioned laureates from their respective nations. The laureates advised students to actively get involved in what interested them, and to establish a firm personal identity.

Press Conference

- ◆ Date: Thursday, Sep. 17 12:00–13:20
- ◆Venue: Fukuoka International Congress Center



Compact City

Presentation by Mayor TAKASHIMA on the fascination of Fukuoka City







Questions by foreign media

Laureates responding





Questions by students from Fukuoka Girls' High School Hakattako Press foreign student team

## Other PR Activities

## ■ Press tour for foreign media

A press tour for foreign media was held for the first time this year, in collaboration with the Japan Foundation Asia Center. Reporters from Myanmar, Vietnam, Indonesia, the Philippines and other Asian nations were invited to Fukuoka, as well as from nations such as the UAE, to ensure widespread coverage on Fukuoka and the Fukuoka Prize.

### Participating media

· Tribunnews (Indonesia)

**Media Reports** 

- · Prothom Alo (Bangladesh)
- · WAM (UAE news agency) (UAE)
- · PINOY GAZETTE (Philippines)
- · The Myanmar Times (Myanmar)
- · The Irrawaddy Burma New (Myanmar)
- · Vietnam Television Vietnam)
- · Dan Tri Newspaper (Vietnam)
- · Freelance reporter (United States)



Reporters participated in the press tour

HAKATAKKO PRESS

- ◆Date: Thursday, Sep. 17 and Friday Sep. 18
- Itinerary: Award ceremony, School visits, Focus on Asia Fukuoka International Film Festival opening ceremony, Fukuoka Asian Art Museum, etc.

### ■ Formation of a reporting team by foreign students ·····

The Hakatakko Pres was formed, consisting of foreign students from the laureates' nations: Myanmar, India, and Vietnam. They reported on the award ceremony and other events via SNS and other media, both domestically and internationally.

[Media coverage]

Domestic: 137 Overseas: 145 Total: 282 (as of Dec. 2015)

# **Overseas Press Conferences**

After the announcement of the laureates in June, press conferences were held in countries and region where the laureates are from, with representatives from local government agencies and the Japanese Embassy, past laureates and local media in attendance. At these occasions, the significance of the Fukuoka Prize, the laureates' achievements and the city's profile were introduced and received extensive local media coverage.

### Grand Prize/Thant Myint-U

- Location: Yangon (Myanmar)
- Date: Sunday, August 9
- Venue: Park Royal Hotel in Yangon
- Participants: 140

[Distinguished guests]

- Mr. Soe Thane
- (Union Minister of President Office)
- Mr. Hla Myint (Mayor of Yangon City)
- Mr. Ichiro Maruyama
- (Minister-Counselor of the Embassy of Japan to Myanmar)





### Academic Prize/Ramachandra GUHA

- Location: New Dehli (India)
- Date: Friday, July 24
- ◆Venue: Habitat World Center
- Participants: 80

[Distinguished guests]

- Mr. Gopalkrishna Gandhi (Former Governor of West Bengal)
- Mr. Takeshi Yaqi (Japanese Ambassador to India)
- Prof. Ashis Nandi
- (Recipient of the Fukuoka Prize 2007)





### Arts and Culture Prize/Minh Hanh

- Location: Hanoi (Vietnam)
- Date: Tuesday, July 7
- ◆Venue: Hanoi Daewoo Hotel
- Participants: 100

[Distinguished guests]

- Mr. Huynh Vinh Ai (Deputy Minister of Culture, Sports and Tourism)
- Mr. Jun Yanagi
- (Envoy of the Japanese Embassy)
- Prof. PHAN Huy Le
- (Recipient of the Fukuoka Prize 1996)







# Laureates of the Fukuoka Prize

FUKUOKA PRIZE Roll of Honor 1990 - 2014

## 1st **1990**

#### Special Commemorative Prize



**BA Jin** 

World famous contemporary Chinese novelist, whose many works including "The Family" and "Cold Nights" express his profound love of mankind

**Kukrit PRAMOJ** 

Prominent literally/ politician

from Thailand who once

served as Prime Minister,

and wrote many great novels

including "Four Dynasties"

## KUROSAWA Akira



Creator of "Rashomon" whose many masterpieces captivated the world, winning an international reputation for Japanese cinema

## Joseph NEEDHAM (U. K./ Scholar of Chinese Science History) ●



nternational authority on nistory of Chinese science, who entirely changed intellectual perceptions of non-European civilization

#### ecial Commemorative Prize



YANO Toru (Japan/ Social Scientist,

Pioneer of Southeast Asian

regional studies in Japan. who made a notable contribution to international academic exchange

Deceased

FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015 18

17 FLIKLIOKA PRIZE 2015

Grand Prize

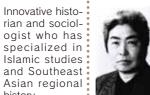
Ravi SHANKAR (India/ Sitar Plaver)



Virtuoso sitar performer, whose sensitive and expressive style influenced even the Beatles

Academic Prize Taufik ABDULLAH

NAKANE Chie (Indonesia/ Historian, Social Scientist) (Japan/ Social Anthropologist)



Academic Prize

Social anthropologist, whose extensive research in different areas in Asia led her to formulate groundbreaking theories on social structures

Arts and Culture Prize

U.S.A./ Scholar of Japanese Literature & Culture)

**Donald KEENE** 



Pioneer in the study of Japanese literature and an internationally recognized authority in the field, as well as author of numerous books

Grand Prize **CHHENG Phon** (Cambodia/ Dramatist Artist)



Grand Prize

Grand Prize

(Taiwan/ Film Director

Grand Prize

LEE Ki-Moon

Dramatist who established a framework for preserving traditional culture in : Cambodia after the devastating civil war

International

authority of Korean

linguistics, who

has introduced a

new comperative :

approach to Japa-

nese and other

Altaic languages

Academic Prize Romila THAPAR



Academic Prize

Stanley J. TAMBIAH

Historian whose empirical approach has established post-independence Indian historical studies within broader human history

Anthropologist who

has developed an

original interpreta-

tion on the basis of :

his studies of Thai-

land and Sri Lanka

Academic Prize HIGUCHI Takayasu (Japan/ Archaeologist)

Archaeologis

whose emphasis

history of Sino-Jap

Historian who has

worked on

state-formation in

ancient Japan,

examining this from

an Eastern Asian

perspective

anese relations



Cinematographer who has brilliantly presented the hardships Korea has endured its modern history

Grand Prize

KIM Won-yong



Archaeologist, who established a coherent framework for Korean archaeology and art history within the East Asian context

Academic Prize Clifford GEERTZ

> 📆 🕊 Anthropologist, whose research in Indonesia established a wholly original anthropological methodology for cross-cultural understanding

Academic Prize TAKEUCHI Minoru



Leading Japanese scholar of Chinese studies, who established vision of modern China encompassing social science, literature, ideology and history

Arts and Culture Prize

Leandro V. LOCSIN



Architect who successfully established a modern architectural style in harmony with the Southeast Asian climate and traditional Filipino architecture

FEI Xiaotong



Academic Prize

Ungku A. AZIZ



Economist who

Academic Prize

KAWAKITA Jiro



Leading ethnogeographer, whose nnovative "KJ Method" is based on his analysis of people and ecology in Nepal and the Himalayas

Arts and Culture Prize

(Mongolia/ Vocalist)



Celebrated Mongolian vocalist, who won fame for her eloquent expressiveness in singing Mongolian traditional folk songs. "Urtyn duu"

Grand Prize

M.C. Subhadradis DISKUL : WANG Gungwu



Grand Prize

KOENTJARANINGRAT

Indonesia/ Anthropologist)

Asian culture

Academic Prize



Academic Prize

HAHN Ki-un

Leading historian in Asian studies, most famous for his exceptional work on Chinese identity

Academic Prize ISHII Yoneo

(Japan/ Scholar of Southeast Asian Studies)



Leading scholar in Southeast Asian studies, especially Thailand, who has made major contributions in the fields of history, religion and sociology

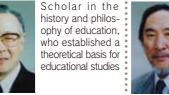
Arts and Culture Prize

Padma SUBRAHMANYAM



Leading performer and choreographer of Bharata Natvam Indian classical dance. Also active in education, including founding a dance school

Academic Prize



KARASHIMA Noboru (Republic of Korea/ Scholar of Education) • (Japan/ Historian) •



Internationally recognized authority in Asian historical studies and an expert in inscribed materials, specializing in the history and epigraphy of medieval South India

Leading video and art

Grand Prize

**ZHANG Yimou** 

Academic Prize HAYAMI Yujiro



Economist who

Arts and Culture Prize Thawan DUCHANEE



Thai painter who shocked the world with his uniquely expressive work, showing the madness. decadence, violence, eros and death that lie heneath the surface of modern humanity

Irish political scientist who

has promoted compara-

tive historical studies on

the global level, and

established a new

approach to nationalism

through the concept of

"imagined communities"

Arts and Culture Prize R. M. Soedarsono

Arts and Culture Prize

: IM Kwon-taek



Leading Indonesian dancer who has worked extensively as an academic ir the arts, history and literature, and also as creator of dance/dramas

Grand Prize

(China/ Sociologist, Anthropologist)



(Malaysia/ Economist)

has achieved outstanding results in both the study of economi c s and its practical appli-

(Japan/ Scholar of Ethnogeography)

NAMJILYN Norovbanzad



World-renowned film director of masterpieces such as "A City of Sadness." combining objective realism with a love of Taiwan's culture and people

**HOU Hsiao Hsien** 

Academic Prize

OBAYASHI Taryo (Japan/ Ethnologist)



Academic Prize

Eminent ethnologist who has used comparison with other Asian countries as the basis : for understanding of Japanese culture formation

Historian who

presented an

entirely new inter-

pretation of the

history of Myanmar

(Burma) through

an empirical histori-

cal methodology

Nidhi EOSEEWONG



Academic Prize

Benedict ANDERSON

Academic Prize

UEDA Masaaki

Historian and writer noted for his fresh and innova t ive views, who has rewritten much of conventional Thai

Arts and Culture Prize

Hamzah Awang Amat

Arts and Culture Prize

TANG Da Wu

Modern artist whose originality of expression has become a driving force in the devel opment of creativi ty in Southeast Asian modern arts

Dalang (master) of

wavan kulit (shad

ow play), the lead-

ing modern repre

sentative of

sian art

traditional Malay-

Authority on Thai art, archaeology and history, who made an outstanding contribution to the revival of traditional Southeast

Anthropologist who

has made a signifi-

cant contribution

to the establish-

ment and develop-

ment of anthropol-

China, especially concerning the

history of Sino-Jap-

anese relations

ogy in Indonesia



Arts and Culture Prize

Nam June PAIK (U.S.A./ Video Artist)



artist, who has pioneered a new artistic genre which famously fuses technology

Distinguished Quwwali (Islamic mystic songs) vocalist in Pakistan whose singing remains unsur

Grand Prize Muhammad YUNUS



Bangladeshi economist who founded the Grameen Bank to tackle poverty eradication by micro-credit, and won the Nobel Peace Prize in 2006

Film director who

has consistently

presented the

hardship of

modern Chinese

life from viewpoint

of farmers and

ordinary people

Pramoedya Ananta TOER: Than Tun

Novelist who has

consistently tack-

led questions of

nationality and

humanity through-

out his work, which

include "This Earth

of Mankind"



established "Hayami Development Economics", which incorporates community perspectives with those of the market and the state

(Thailand/ Painter)



Arts and Culture Prize Marilou DIAZ-ABAYA



Leading film director in the Philip pines, who has conveved the Asian spirit through her work showing the joys and sorrows of ordinary people

19 FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015

Grand Prize WANG Zhongshu

Archaeologist instrumental in developing archaeological studies in

Academic Prize PHAN Huy Le Vietnam/ Historia

> Historian who has created an innovaive and non-ideological research approach for the social history of rural Vietnam

ETO Shinkichi Japan/ Scholar of International Relations)

Academic Prize

Scholar in the history of Chinese politics and diplomacy, and in international relations, who also served as a foreign policy advisor

passed

Nusrat Fateh Ali KHAN

Arts and Culture Prize

(Pakistan/ Qawwali Singer)

Deceased

Kingsley M. DE SILVA



Academic Prize

Historian who has made an outstandng contribution to nistorical studies of colonial Sri Lanka through a rigorousy empirica

: Anthony REID Eminent historian

Academic Prize

who has added a new dimension to Southeast Asian historiography by examining the daily lives of the region' inhabitants

(Malaysia/ Cartoonist) Cartoonist who has

Lat

Arts and Culture Prize

exposed contradic tions in Malaysian society by his penetrating satires of everyday life

FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015 20

Deceased



Creator of Okinawan studies, who has remained at the forefront of research into the languages, literature and culture of Okinawa

## Academic Prize Revnaldo C. ILETO



Leading historian who has specialized in the Philippine revolution, the first anti-colonial and pro-independence struggle in Southeast Asia

## Arts and Culture Prize

XU Bing (China/ Artist



Artist whose creative experiments in fusing East and West through innovative "fake Chinese characters" and the "new English calligraphy" have raised the status of Asian contemporary arts

## Arts and Culture Prize

Dick LEE



Asian pop artist who created an original style of music by exploring his own identity as a native of multi-cultural Singapore

## Grand Prize Amjad Ali KHAN



Maestro of sarod (classical Indian Stringed music instrument) who has disseminated Asian music with his credo, "Music transcends everything

## Academic Prize LI Yining



Economist who was one of the first to claim the need for economic reform in China and who explained the path to achieving this goal

## Academic Prize Ram Dayal RAKESH



Foremost scholar of Nepalese folk culture studies, who has also been involved in activities to ameliorate women's status in Nepal

### Arts and Culture Prize Sembukuttiarachilage Roland SILVA



Conservation expert for Sri Lankan historical monu ments and sites, who has served as President of **ICOMOS** 

## Grand Prize IM Dong-kwon

Republic of Korea/ Folklorist)



Pioneer in Korean folklore studies and authority on East Asian folklore who has fostered Sino-Japanese-Korean academic exchang-

#### Academic Prize Thaw Kaung (Myanmar/ Librarian



Eminent librarian and conservationist of ancient documents. who has archived great results in preserving and utilizing palm-leaf manuscripts

## Arts and Culture Prize Douangdeuane BOUNYAVONG



Textile researcher whose studies of traditional Lao textiles and awareness-raising activities have helped to preserve traditional culture

#### Arts and Culture Prize Tashi Norbu (Bhutan/ Traditional Musician)



Pioneer in the perfor mance of traditiona Rhutanese music and the first private citizen to become deeply involved in the preservation and transmission of traditional culture

## Academic Prize



Grand Prize



Leading Chinese novelist, who has captured the reality of cities and villages in China by his own distinctive blend of realism and fantasy and won the Nobel Literature Prize in

ntellectual and

activist whose

penetrating social/

cultural criticism is

based on his

unique integration

of clinical psycholo-

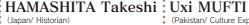
gy and sociology

## Shagdaryn BIRA



Leading historian of Mongolian studies whose outstanding studies of Mongol history, culture, eligions and languages are globally recognized

## Academic Prize





Historian who has focused on Asian networks of transport, migration and financial remittances, pioneering a regional historical vision

# Arts and Culture Prize



Authority on the preservation of indigenous culture and founder of "Lok Virsa", who has explored Pakistani culture through scientific studies

## Arts and Culture Prize



Master sculptor who combines the ability to express the profundity of the Eastern spirituality with creative energy

### Arts and Culture Prize KIM Duk-soo

(Republic of Korea/ Traditional Performing Artist)



Traditional performing artist who created "Samulnori" combining master of traditional music with cutting-edge experimentation

## Srisakra VALLIBHOTAMA JU Ming

## (Thailand/ Anthropologist, Archaeologist)



Academic Prize

Academic Prize

Anthropologist/archaeologist who presented a new perspective of Thai history through exhaustive field esearch and an interdisciplinary approach

## Savitri GOONESEKERE Shamsul Amri Baharuddin Farida Parveen



social anthropologists in Southeast Asia, who has been constantly at the forefront of ethnic/Malay studies in the region

# Arts and Culture Prize





#### Grand Prize

**Augustin BERQUE** 



Eminent cultural geographer establishing the unique academic concept, Écoumène, and his empirical approach towards Japanese culture has contributed greatly to understanding Japan

#### Academic Prize

### Partha CHATTERJEE MIKI Minoru

ndia/Scholar of Political Science, History



Leading Asian academic who illuminated the "Politics of the masses," raising kev issues relevant to Asia and developing countries

## Arts and Culture Prize





Renowned composer who has made a significant contribution to alobalizing Japanese music, and to international creative musical interchange

Arts and Culture Prize

CAI Guo-Qiang

(China/ Contemporary Artis

Contemporary artist striving for fresh possibilities in artistic expression with his original methodolo gy and the unique expression rooted in Chinese tradition

## Grand Prize

HWANG Byung-ki



Performer and composer of Kayagum, a Korean raditional musical instrument, who has passed the tradition to future generations and developed a progressive, modern form

## Academic Prize

James C. SCOTT



Political scientist and anthropologist who has successfully demonstrated the dynamic relationship between the dominant state and those who ! resist this domination in Southeast Asia

## Academic Prize **MORI Kazuko**

rary Chinese Studies)



## Arts and Culture Prize ONG Keng Sen



Theatre director who has been a pioneer of the internationa frontier of art and created a lively fusion inspired by a contem porary sensibility between the Asiar and Western traditions

#### Grand Prize

### ANG Choulean

(Cambodia/ Ethnologist, Scholar in Khmer Studies)



Eminent ethnologist and scholar in Khmer Studies who made a significant contribution to the reconstruction of Cambodian culture and to the preservation and restoration of its monuments

## Academic Prize

CHO Dong-il (Republic of Korea/ Scholar of Literature)



Leading scholar of Korean literature whose outstanding achievement is not only in the area of Korean literature but also in comparative literature and civilization in East Asia

## Arts and Culture Prize

## Niels GUTSCHOW

(Germany/ Architectural Historian)



rchitectural historian who has raised the academic pursuits of urban and architectural conservation and restoration to the higher-level philosophical activi with his deep insight into historical architecture and urbanism in South Asia

### Grand Prize Vandana SHIVA



ndian environmental hilosopher who has exposed the contradictions n'modern 'development' and 'globalization' and enlightened many people by presenting a new and original idea about loving nature and protecting t dianity of life

## Academic Prize

#### Charnvit KASETSIRI One of the leading



storians in Thailar and Southeast Asia who has demonstrated outstanding achieveent in the study of Ayutthaya and striven to apply his academic work to the educational sphere and to broaden nublic awareness

## Arts and Culture Prize Kidlat Tahimik



A leading Asian independent filmmaker whose work presents the Philippines' proud consciousness as developing nation and its resistance to cultural mperialism, with a unique sense of humor

### Arts and Culture Prize G.R.Ay. Koes Murtiyah Paku Buwono As heiress to a tradition of



Arts and Culture Prize

Apichatpong WEERASETHAKUL

A stage director, dramatist

and performance artist, who

is also active in the areas of

international exchange,

cultural policy, and art edu-

cation, contributing to inter-

connecting East Asia and

court dance, she has had a norough education in Javanese culture since nildhood and has ntroduced the 300 year-old traditional court dance acround the world while supporting the preservation and advancement of central lavanese traditional culture

### Grand Prize Ashis NANDY

India/ Social and Cultural Critic)



### Grand Prize Ann HUI

# Hong Kong/ Film Director)



## outstanding film directors in Hong Kong, active in a wide variety of genres. A standard-bearer for female film directors in

higher education

#### Jurist who has made significant contributions to research in human rights and gender issues in South

Asia, and has devoted herself to reforming

## Academic Prize

## (Malaysia/ Social Anthropologist



who has contributed to raising the artistic status of traditional Bangladeshi religious music. Baul song and to promoting i internationally

## A prestigious singe



Grand Prize

(U.S.A. / Sociologis

Ezra F. VOGEL

has been taking the lead al Doctor) in medical services and social welfare for the sick, e noor and the lisadvantaged ir Pakistan and Afghanistan for 30 years, and practicing international cooperaon for cross-cultura understanding and mutual respect

A sociologist who researched

post-war Asian politics, econ-

omy, and society, and was a

pioneer in research into Asian

NIEs. An authority in East

Asian research, and respected

for his balanced and profound

comments on international

relations

## Academic Prize

NAKAMURA A medical doctor who Tessa MORRIS-SUZUKI Nalini MALANI

### (Australia/ Scholar of Asian Studies) researcher of Asian Studies who has been

Academic Prize

exploring new possibilities for regional cooperation and civic society, and made a great contribution to nutual understanding hetween Asian neonle

Azyumardi AZRA

## Arts and Culture Prize

(India/ Artist



A historian who worked toward

the development of a harmonious,

multi-cultural society based on a

deep understanding of Islamic

religion and culture. Recognized

as a public intellectual who has

made significant contributions to

cross-cultural understanding in

international society

## An artist who has been

acclaimed for her arge-scale spatial ar combining images and paintings, focusing on contemporary and univer sal themes as religious conflict. war, oppression of women and environ-

Arts and Culture Prize

Danny YUNG

(Thailand/Filmmaker, A groundbreaking filmmaker who has bee creating sensation in the film world by his innova tive filming method o nterweaving persona nemories, episodes from former lives and comments on the current issues into local folktales and legends

21 FUKUOKA PRIZE 2015



# One of the most

# One of the leading

## Deceased

#### the rest of the world, and tradition to modernity